

JOINT VENTURES & STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS

SOCIETY OF AMERICAN MILITARY ENGINEERS

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WHAT IS A JOINT VENTURE

- **A Joint Venture is:**
 - **“A joint venture is an association of individuals and/or concerns with interests in any degree of proportion by way of contract, express or implied, consorting to engage in any carry out no more than three specific or limited-purposes business ventures for joint profit over a two-year period, for which purpose they combine their efforts, property, money, skill, or knowledge, but not on a continuing or permanent basis for conducting business generally.”**



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JOINT VENTURE AGREEMENT

- Purpose
- Legal Structure
- Governance
- Contractual Compliance
- Systems and Records
- Profit and Losses

TEAMING AGREEMENT vs. JOINT VENTURE

- **Liability**
 - JV partners jointly responsible for contract performance, and except in LLC, jointly and severally liable.
 - Subcontractor only responsible for portion of work it performs, limited liability.
- **Control**
 - Shared by JV partners.
 - Prime Contractor has control over teaming relationship.
- **Bonding**
 - JVs typically able to obtain bonding based on combination of all partners.
 - Prime/sub may work also, but likely requires agreement of all parties to be bound and collateral from owners.

STRUCTURING A JOINT VENTURE

- **Choice of Structure**
 - LLC
 - Partnership
- **Other considerations:**
 - Populated v. unpopulated joint ventures
 - Limitations on Subcontracting – for set-asides
 - Avoiding “general” affiliation



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JV PARTNERSHIP VS LLC

- **Partnership**
 - **Liability**—Partners are jointly and severally liable on debts of the partnership.
- **Limited Liability Company**
 - **Liability**—Members not liable (beyond capital contributions) to third parties for actions of the LLC.
 - **Documentation**—Articles of Organization and Operating Agreement need to be drafted.



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Accounting System

- **Accounting System**
 - JV Accounting System must past pre-award audit.
 - System must be able to segregate and allocate allowable and unallowable costs.
 - System must be able to invoice in accordance with contract provisions.
 - System must be able to readily calculate contract direct and indirect costs.



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Other Financial Requirements

- **Profit and & Loss**
 - 51% of net profits earned by JV must be distributed to small business venturer.
 - 8(a) must receive profits from the JV commensurate with their ownership interest in JV.
- **Audited Financial Statements**
 - 8(a) participants with gross receipts > \$10M
 - Native owned 8(a) may submit audited statements for parent company and unaudited for 8(a).

JOINT VENTURES: SMALL BUSINESS SET-ASIDES

- The “3-in-2” Rule; JV is eligible for three awards in two years.
- Government can award to JV if contract:
 - Exceeds ½ of revenue-based size standard.
 - Exceeds \$10M (employee-based size standard).
 - All partners must be small, except for SBA-approved 8(a) Mentor-protégé relationship.

JOINT VENTURES – EXEMPTION TO AFFILIATION

- Two years starting from the date of the award of the first contract; but compliance (after the first contract award) determined as of the date of the initial offer including price.
 - May ultimately be awarded more than 3 contracts.
 - After 2nd award but within 2-year period, submits offers for 3 procurements; may be awarded a contract in response to all 3 of those offers, giving the joint venture 5 total contracts.
 - May be awarded a contract beyond the 2-year period provided the offer occurred prior to the 2 years from the date of the first contract award.

JOINT VENTURES – EXAMPLE 1

- **JV ABC has 2 contracts.**
- **In June & July, JV ABC submits offers on 3 solicitations.**
- **In September, JV ABC is successful offeror for all 3 solicitations.**
- **JV ABC now has 5 contract awards, but no affiliation is found.**
 - **JV ABC had not yet received 3 contract awards as of the dates of the offers for each of the 3 solicitations at issue.**

JOINT VENTURES – EXAMPLE 2

- **JV XYZ receives contract on Dec. 19, year 1.**
 - It may receive 2 additional contracts through Dec. 19, year 3.
- **On Aug. 6, year 2, JV XYZ receives 2nd contract award.**
 - It receives no other contracts through Dec. 19, year 3 and has submitted no additional offers.
- **JV XYZ cannot receive an additional contract award.**
 - Must form new JV to seek additional contracts.

JOINT VENTURES – EXAMPLE 3

- JV XYZ receives contract on Dec. 19, year 1.
- On May 22, year 2, JV XYZ submits an offer for Solicitation 1.
- On June 10, year 2, JV XYZ submits an offer for Solicitation 2.
- On June 19, year 2 receives contract award for Solicitation 1.
- JV XYZ not awarded contract for Solicitation 2.
- On Dec. 15, year 3, JV XYZ submits an offer for Solicitation 3.
- JV XYZ is eligible for the contract award because compliance with the 3 awards in 2 years is determined as of the date of the initial offer.